DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATION

Certification for Serious Injury or Illness of Covered Servicemember for Military Family Leave (Family and Medical Leave Act)

Notice to the EMPLOYER

The Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) provides that an employer may require an employee seeking FMLA leave due to a serious injury or illness of a covered servicemember to submit a certification providing sufficient facts to support the request for leave. Your response is voluntary. While you are not required to use this form, you may not ask the employee to provide more information than allowed under the FMLA regulations, 29 C.F.R. § 825.310. Employers must generally maintain records and documents relating to medical certifications, recertifications, or medical histories of employees or employees' family members, created for FMLA purposes as confidential medical records in separate files/records from the usual personnel files and in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1630.14(c)(1), if the Americans with Disabilities Act applies.

SECTION I: For Completion by the EMPLOYEE and/or the COVERED SERVICEMEMBER for whom the Employee Is Requesting Leave

Please complete Section I before having Section II completed. The FMLA permits an employer to require that an employee submit a timely, complete, and sufficient certification to support a request for FMLA leave due to a serious injury or illness of a covered servicemember. If requested by the employer, your response is required to obtain or retain the benefit of FMLA-protected leave. 29 U.S.C. §§ 2613, 2614(c)(3). Failure to do so may result in a denial of an employee's FMLA request. 29 C.F.R. § 825.310(f). The employer must give an employee at least 15 calendar days to return this form to the employer.

SECTION II: For Completion by a UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ("DOD") HEALTH CARE PROVIDER or a HEALTH CARE PROVIDER who is either: (1) a United States Department of Veterans Affairs ("VA") health care provider; (2) a DOD TRICARE network authorized private health care provider; or (3) a DOD non-network TRICARE authorized private health care provider

The employee listed on Page 2 has requested leave under the FMLA to care for a family member who is a member of the Regular Armed Forces, the National Guard, or the Reserves who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, is otherwise in outpatient status, or is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list for a serious injury or illness. For purposes of FMLA leave, a serious injury or illness is one that was incurred in the line of duty on active duty that may render the servicemember medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her office, grade, rank, or rating.

A complete and sufficient certification to support a request for FMLA leave due to a covered servicemember's serious injury or illness includes written documentation confirming that the covered servicemember's injury or illness was incurred in the line of duty on active duty and that the covered servicemember is undergoing treatment for such injury or illness by a health care provider listed above. Answer, fully and completely, all applicable parts. Several questions seek a response as to the frequency or duration of a condition, treatment, etc. Your answer should be your best estimate based upon your medical knowledge, experience, and examination of the patient. Be as specific as you can; terms such as "lifetime," "unknown," or "indeterminate" may not be sufficient to determine FMLA coverage. Limit your responses to the condition for which the employee is seeking leave.

SECTION I: For Completion by the EMPLOYEE and/or the COVERED SERVICEMEMBER for whom the Employee Is Requesting Leave: (This section must be completed first before any of the below sections can be completed by a health care provider.)

Part A: EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

Name and Address of Employer (this is the employer of the employee requesting leave to care for covered servicemember):

Name of Employee Requesting Leave to Care for Covered Servicemember:

First Middle Last

Name of Covered Servicemember (for whom employee is requesting leave to care):

First Middle Last

Relationship of Employee to Covered Servicemember Requesting Leave to Care:

____Spouse ____Parent ____Son ____Daughter ____Next-of-Kin

Part B: COVERED SERVICEMEMBER INFORMATION

(1) Is the Covered Servicemember a Current Member of the Regular Armed Forces, the National Guard or Reserves? _____Yes _____No

If yes, please provide the covered servicemember's military branch, rank and unit currently assigned to:

Is the covered servicemember assigned to a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient or to a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients (such as a medical hold or warrior transition unit)? ____Yes ____No. If yes, please provide the name of the medical treatment facility or unit:

(2) Is the Covered Servicemember on the Temporary Disability Retired List (TDRL)? _____Yes _____No

Part C: CARE TO BE PROVIDED TO THE COVERED SERVICEMEMBER

Describe the Care to Be Provided to the Covered Servicemember and an Estimate of the Leave Needed to Provide the Care:

SECTION II: For Completion by a United States Department of Defense ("DOD") Health Care Provider or a Health Care Provider who is either: (1) a United States Department of Veterans Affairs ("VA") health care provider; (2) a DOD TRICARE network authorized private health care provider; or (3) a DOD non-network TRICARE authorized private health care provider. If you are unable to make certain of the military-related determinations contained below in Part B, you are permitted to rely upon determinations from an authorized DOD representative (such as a DOD recovery care coordinator). (Please ensure that Section I above has been completed before completing this section.) Please be sure to sign the form on the last page.

Part A: HEALTH CARE PROVIDER INFORMATION

Health Care Provider's Name and Business Address:

Type of Practice/Medical Specialty: _____

Please state whether you are either: (1) a DOD health care provider; (2) a VA health care provider; (3) a DOD TRICARE network authorized private health care provider; or (4) a DOD non-network TRICARE authorized private health care provider:

 Telephone:

 Email:

PART B: MEDICAL STATUS

- (1) Covered Servicemember's medical condition is classified as (Check One of the Appropriate Boxes):
 - (VSI) Very Seriously III/Injured Illness/Injury is of such a severity that life is imminently endangered. Family members are requested at bedside immediately. (Please note this is an internal DOD casualty assistance designation used by DOD healthcare providers.)
 - (SI) Seriously III/Injured Illness/injury is of such severity that there is cause for immediate concern, but there is no imminent danger to life. Family members are requested at bedside. (Please note this is an internal DOD casualty assistance designation used by DOD healthcare providers.)
 - OTHER III/Injured a serious injury or illness that may render the servicemember medically unfit to perform the duties of the member's office, grade, rank, or rating.
 - **_____ NONE OF THE ABOVE** (Note to Employee: If this box is checked, you may still be eligible to take leave to care for a covered family member with a "serious health condition" under § 825.113 of the FMLA. If such leave is requested, you may be required to complete DOL FORM WH-380 or an employer-provided form seeking the same information.)
- (2) Was the condition for which the Covered Service member is being treated incurred in line of duty on active duty in the armed forces? _____ Yes _____ No
- (3) Approximate date condition commenced:
- (4) Probable duration of condition and/or need for care:
- (5) Is the covered servicemember undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy? ____Yes ___No. If yes, please describe medical treatment, recuperation or therapy:

PART C: COVERED SERVICEMEMBER'S NEED FOR CARE BY FAMILY MEMBER

- (1) Will the covered servicemember need care for a single continuous period of time, including any time for treatment and recovery? ____ Yes ____ No If yes, estimate the beginning and ending dates for this period of time: _____
- (2) Will the covered servicemember require periodic follow-up treatment appointments? ____Yes ____No If yes, estimate the treatment schedule: _____
- (3) Is there a medical necessity for the covered servicemember to have periodic care for these follow-up treatment appointments? _____Yes _____No
- (4) Is there a medical necessity for the covered servicemember to have periodic care for other than scheduled follow-up treatment appointments (e.g., episodic flare-ups of medical condition)?
 Yes No. If yes, please estimate the frequency and duration of the periodic care:

Signature of Health Care Provider: _____ Date: _____

DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATION (DOA)

Notice of Eligibility, Designation Notice, and Rights & Responsibilities (Family and Medical Leave Act)

This notification/designation must be provided to the employee within five (5) business days of the employee notifying the employer (or the employer otherwise becoming aware) of the need for FMLA leave.

То:	Personnel #:				
	Employee				
From:	Section:				
	Employer Representative				
Date:					
4. <u>NC</u>					
I.	On, we became aware that you needed leave beginning on for:				
	The birth of a child, or placement of a child with you for adoption or foster care;				
	Your own serious health condition;				
	Because you are needed to care for your spouse;child; parent due to his/her serious heal condition;				
	Because of a qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that your spouse; son or daughter; parent is on active duty or call to active duty status in support of a contingency operation as a member of the National Guard or Reserves;				
	Because you are the spouse;son or daughter; parent; next-of-kin of a covered servicemember with a serious injury or illness.				
II.	This Notice is to inform you that you:				
	 Are not eligible for FMLA leave, because (only one reason need be checked, although you may not be eligible for other reasons): You have not met the FMLA's 12-month length of service requirement. As of the first date of requested leave, you will have worked approximately months towards this requirement. 				
	You have not met the FMLA's 1,250-hours-worked requirement.				
111.	As indicated in Section II above, you meet the eligibility requirements for taking FMLA leave and still have FMLA leave available in the applicable 12-month period. However, in order for us to determine whether your absence qualifies as FMLA leave, you are required to furnish a <i>Certification of Health Care Provider</i> form. You must furnish the completed form to by (If a certification is requested, employers must allow at least 15 calendar days from receipt of this notice; additiona time may be required in some circumstances.) If sufficient information is not provided in a timely manner, it may not be designated as FMLA qualifying and therefore would not be job-protected.				
	Sufficient certification to support your request for FMLA leave. A certification form that sets forth the information necessary to support your request is enclosed.				
	Sufficient documentation to establish the required relationship between you and your family member.				
	Other information needed:				
	No additional information requested.				
	Not Applicable (Employee does not meet eligibility requirements for taking FMLA leave.) Explain:				

B. DESIGNATION NOTICE

Based on the information we have, we believe this absence qualifies under the FMLA. Your absence will be counted against and deducted from your FMLA leave entitlement. Your absence will also be charged against (and deducted from) any balance you maintain of accrued compensatory, sick or annual leave, as appropriate. The deduction will be made against whichever leave is appropriate under current leave rules and policies. If it is later determined that this leave doesn't qualify under FMLA you will be notified and all leave charged to your FMLA entitlement will be restored.

The FMLA requires that you notify us as soon as practicable if dates of scheduled leave change or are extended, or were initially unknown. Based on the information you have provided to date, we are providing the following information about the amount of time that will be counted against your leave entitlement:

- Provided there is no deviation from your anticipated leave schedule, the following number of hours, days, or weeks will be counted against your leave entitlement:
- Because the leave you will need will be unscheduled, it is not possible to provide the hours, days, or weeks that will be counted against your FMLA entitlement at this time. You have the right to request this information once in a 30-day period (if leave was taken in the 30-day period).

C. RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR TAKING FMLA LEAVE

- I. If your leave does qualify as FMLA leave you will have the following rights while on FMLA leave:
 - You have a right under the FMLA for up to12 weeks of unpaid leave in a 12-month period, with one exception. If you and your spouse are both employed by the Division of Administration, and the reason for your leave is the birth or placement of a child or to care for a sick child, you and your spouse are entitled to a <u>total</u> of 12 weeks of FMLA leave for that event.
 - You have a right under the FMLA for up to 26 weeks of unpaid leave in a single 12-month period to care for a covered servicemember with a serious injury or illness. This single 12-month period commenced on
 - You must be reinstated to the same or an equivalent job with the same pay, benefits, and terms and conditions of employment on your return from FMLA-protected leave. (If your leave extends beyond the end of your FMLA entitlement, you do not have return rights under FMLA.)
 - Your group health and/or life insurance benefits which are sponsored by the state must be maintained during any period of FMLA leave under the same conditions as if you continued to work.
 - If you do not return to work following FMLA leave for a reason other than: 1) the continuation, recurrence, or onset
 of a serious health condition which would entitle you to FMLA leave; 2) the continuation, recurrence, or onset of
 a covered servicemember's serious injury or illness which would entitle you to FMLA leave; or 3) other
 circumstances beyond your control, you will be required to reimburse the state for premiums paid on your behalf
 for your group health and/or life insurance during your FMLA leave.
- II. If your leave does qualify as FMLA leave you will have the following responsibilities while on FMLA leave:
 - The Division of Administration will continue to pay the state's portion of your group health and/or life insurance premiums while you are on leave with or without pay. While you are on **paid leave** (compensatory, sick, annual), your portion of the premium will continue to be automatically deducted from your paycheck. If you are on **leave without pay** you must make arrangements for payment of your portion with staff in the Office of Human Resources. If you fail to pay your portion of the premium, the DOA will pay your portion of the premium on your behalf. You will be required to reimburse the state for the premium paid on your behalf upon your return to work.

- If you pay other **benefits which are payroll deducted from your paycheck but are not state sponsored**, (e.g., disability insurance, cancer insurance, dental insurance, life insurance other than State sponsored life insurance, etc.), you must make arrangement for payment of those premiums with the administrator of the policy. If you need a telephone number for the administrator you may contact the Office of Human Resources.
- You will be required to use your available accrued compensatory, sick, or annual leave during your FMLA absence, as appropriate. This means that you will receive your paid leave and the leave will also be considered protected FMLA leave and counted against your FMLA leave entitlement. If you do not have sufficient accrued paid leave, the remaining FMLA absence will be unpaid leave.

Additional responsibilities may include (only check blanks that apply):

- While on leave, you will be required to furnish us with periodic reports of your status and intent to return to work: _____ once a week, _____ once every two weeks, _____once a month. Specifically, you will be expected to notify your immediate supervisor.
- If the circumstances of your leave change and you are able to return to work earlier than the date initially indicated, you will be required to notify us at least two work days prior to the date you intend to report to work.
- _____ If further certification is needed, you will be required to furnish an updated completed health care provider's certification relating to a serious health condition. We will send you a blank health care provider's certification form two weeks in advance of the date the completed form will be due in our office.
- You will be required to present a fitness-for-duty certificate to be restored to employment. If such certification is not timely received, your return to work may be delayed until certification is provided. A list of the essential functions of your position _____is ____ is not attached. If attached, the fitness-for-duty certification must address your ability to perform these functions.

DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATION

Final Confirmation Notice of FMLA Use (Family and Medical Leave Act)

EMPLOYEE NA	ME:	PN #	SECTION:		
EMPLOYER REPRESENTATIVE:		DATE:			
	ed your request for leave under the F ur most recent information on			ve provided.	
	r leave request is complete and FM lations and DOA policy.	LA protection v	will be applied according to federa	I	
We und	lerstand that you need this leave beg	inning on	, and that you:		
	Expect leave to continue until on or about				
	Do not know how long you will be unable to report to work.				
	Will be able to report to work on an i	ntermittent basis	5.		
	Please note that entitlement will be e	exhausted on or	about		
Addi	tional information is needed to det	termine if your	FMLA leave status can be approve	ed:	
	The certification you have provided in the FMLA applies to your leave require than	iest. You must p , unless it i	provide the following information no la s not practicable under the particular		
	(Specify information needed to	o make the certif	ication complete and sufficient)		
	We are exercising our right to have at our expense, and will provide furth	·	•	tion	

NOTE: This form will be completed by the Office of Human Resources (OHR) and forwarded to the employee's section. The section will forward a copy of this form to the employee as soon as possible.

Basic Leave Entitlement

FMLA requires covered employers to provide up to 12 weeks of unpaid, job-protected leave to eligible employees for the following reasons:

- for incapacity due to pregnancy, prenatal medical care or child birth;
- to care for the employee's child after birth, or placement for adoption or foster care;
- to care for the employee's spouse, son, daughter or parent, who has a serious health condition; or
- for a serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the employee's job .

Military Family Leave Entitlements

Eligible employees whose spouse, son, daughter or parent is on covered active duty or call to covered active duty status may use their 12-week leave entitlement to address certain qualifying exigencies. Qualifying exigencies may include attending certain military events, arranging for alternative childcare, addressing certain financial and legal arrangements, attending certain counseling sessions, and attending post-deployment reintegration briefings.

FMLA also includes a special leave entitlement that permits eligible employees to take up to 26 weeks of leave to care for a covered servicemember during a single 12-month period. A covered servicemember is: (1) a current member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation or therapy, is otherwise in outpatient status, or is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list, for a serious injury or illness*; or (2) a veteran who was discharged or released under conditions other than dishonorable at any time during the five-year period prior to the first date the eligible employee takes FMLA leave to care for the covered veteran, and who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy for a serious injury or illness.*

*The FMLA definitions of "serious injury or illness" for current servicemembers and veterans are distinct from the FMLA definition of "serious health condition".

Benefits and Protections

During FMLA leave, the employer must maintain the employee's health coverage under any "group health plan" on the same terms as if the employee had continued to work. Upon return from FMLA leave, most employees must be restored to their original or equivalent positions with equivalent pay, benefits, and other employment terms.

Use of FMLA leave cannot result in the loss of any employment benefit that accrued prior to the start of an employee's leave.

Eligibility Requirements

Employees are eligible if they have worked for a covered employer for at least 12 months, have 1,250 hours of service in the previous 12 months*, and if at least 50 employees are employed by the employer within 75 miles.

*Special hours of service eligibility requirements apply to airline flight crew employees.

Definition of Serious Health Condition

A serious health condition is an illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves either an overnight stay in a medical care facility, or continuing treatment by a health care provider for a condition that either prevents the employee from performing the functions of the employee's job, or prevents the qualified family member from participating in school or other daily activities.

Subject to certain conditions, the continuing treatment requirement may be met by a period of incapacity of more than 3 consecutive calendar days combined with at least two visits to a health care provider or one visit and a regimen of continuing treatment, or incapacity due to pregnancy, or incapacity due to a chronic condition. Other conditions may meet the definition of continuing treatment

Use of Leave

An employee does not need to use this leave entitlement in one block. Leave can be taken intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule when medically necessary. Employees must make reasonable efforts to schedule leave for planned medical treatment so as not to unduly disrupt the employer's operations. Leave due to qualifying exigencies may also be taken on an intermittent basis.

Substitution of Paid Leave for Unpaid Leave

Employees may choose or employers may require use of accrued paid leave while taking FMLA leave. In order to use paid leave for FMLA leave, employees must comply with the employer's normal paid leave policies.

Employee Responsibilities

Employees must provide 30 days advance notice of the need to take FMLA leave when the need is foreseeable. When 30 days notice is not possible, the employee must provide notice as soon as practicable and generally must comply with an employer's normal call-in procedures.

Employees must provide sufficient information for the employer to determine if the leave may qualify for FMLA protection and the anticipated timing and duration of the leave. Sufficient information may include that the employee is unable to perform job functions, the family member is unable to perform daily activities, the need for hospitalization or continuing treatment by a health care provider, or circumstances supporting the need for military family leave. Employees also must inform the employer if the requested leave is for a reason for which FMLA leave was previously taken or certified. Employees also may be required to provide a certification and periodic recertification supporting the need for leave.

Employer Responsibilities

Covered employers must inform employees requesting leave whether they are eligible under FMLA. If they are, the notice must specify any additional information required as well as the employees' rights and responsibilities. If they are not eligible, the employer must provide a reason for the ineligibility.

Covered employers must inform employees if leave will be designated as FMLA-protected and the amount of leave counted against the employee's leave entitlement. If the employer determines that the leave is not FMLA-protected, the employer must notify the employee.

Unlawful Acts by Employers

FMLA makes it unlawful for any employer to:

- interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise of any right pro vided under FMLA; and
- discharge or discriminate against any person for opposing any practice made unlawful by FMLA or for involvement in any proceeding under or relating to FMLA.

Enforcement

An employee may file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Labor or may bring a private lawsuit against an employer.

FMLA does not affect any Federal or State law prohibiting discrimination, or supersede any State or local law or collective bargaining agreement which provides greater family or medical leave rights.

FMLA section 109 (29 U.S.C. § 2619) requires FMLA covered employers to post the text of this notice. Regulation 29 C.F.R. § 825.300(a) may require additional disclosures.